# **MAE Safeguarding and Prevent Policy and Guidance 2024-2025**

## **Introduction**

Medway Adult Education (MAE) has a specific responsibility to safeguard all learners and adults entrusted to its care. The learner’s welfare is paramount, and MAE puts the learner at the heart of everything that we do.

This policy ensures that safeguarding concerns and referrals will be handled sensitively, professionally and in ways that support the needs of the learner. Its aim is to make explicit the service’s commitment to the development of good practice and sound internal service procedures.

The policy provides a clear direction to staff and learners about expected codes of behaviour in dealing with safeguarding adult issues.

Who is this policy for?
This policy is for all MAE Service staff and providers.

What is safeguarding?
Safeguarding is about protecting the health, wellbeing, and human rights of individuals. These measures allow children, young people, and adults at risk to live free from abuse, harm and neglect.

Purpose of this policy
This policy aims to provide a clear framework for all staff within MAE to ensure that all policies, procedures, and practice relating to safeguarding are consistent. These guidelines and procedures are designed to:

* Prevent the abuse and mistreatment of adults and children.
* Promote increased awareness and recognition of the issues surrounding the abuse and mistreatment of adults and children.
* Ensure that safeguarding and welfare are at the heart of planning and delivery
* To support development of a proactive team of experienced, trained safeguarding officers with strong links to external partners and agencies.

MAE will update this document annually as a minimum, but as safeguarding issues emerge and evolve, including lessons learnt. This document is available publicly.

MAE takes the disclosure of abuse, in any form, seriously and never dismisses allegations of abuse. An allegation of abuse or neglect may lead to a criminal investigation. Decisions by staff as to whether to report concerns of abuse/mistreatment are not a matter of individual conscience but are considered a professional duty.

All suspected or alleged abuse should be reported immediately to a safeguarding officer.

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## **Medway Adult Education Designated Safeguarding Officers**

The Designated Safeguarding Officers have overall responsibility for safeguarding within MAE. However, all staff must be aware of the possible signs and symptoms of abuse. Steps must be taken to ensure the immediate safety of those involved. Some adults at risk may reveal abuse by talking, drawing attention to physical signs or displaying certain gestures/actions. This may be their only means of communication. Concerns may be reported by third parties and should be acted upon. Any member of staff who has a concern regarding an adult at risk, however insignificant this might appear to be, has a duty of care to act by immediate referral to designated safeguarding officer.

**The following staff are Designated Safeguarding Officers:**

Fiona Congreave 01634 338411 fiona.congreave@medway.gov.uk

Lorraine Miles 01634 338448 lorraine.miles@medway.gov.uk

Carolyne Pilcher 01634 338436 carolyne.pilcher@medway.gov.uk

Gareth Williams 01634338453 gareth.williams@medway.gov.uk

Geraldine Burden 01634 338435 geraldine.burden@medway.gov.uk

## **Key local contacts**

|  |
| --- |
| Emergency situations |
| Call 999 |
| Adults |
| Medway Council Adult Social Care Team  | Monday to Thursday 8.30am to 5pm and Friday 8.30am to 4.45pm) on: 01634 334 466Emergency out of hours: 03000 419 191 Safeguarding alert form: <https://www.medway.gov.uk/xfp/form/432> |
| Children |
| Medway Children and Families Team | Monday to Friday from 9am to 5pm on 01634 334 466Out of hours: 03000 419 191Safeguarding children alert form: <https://www.medway.gov.uk/xfp/form/406> |
| Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership | More information at: https://www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/worried-about-a-child |

### **Links to other policies**

This policy will also work in conjunction with the following policies:

* Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024 (KCSIE)
* Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018
* Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 (SVGA)
* Ofsted Education Inspection Framework 2021
* Safeguarding Partners (new 2019)
* The Kent & Medway Multi-agency Safeguarding Adults Policy, Protocols and Guidance
* The Care Act 2014
* Medway Council Whistle-Blowing Policy
* Medway Council Disciplinary & Grievance Policies
* Universal Declaration of Human Rights Act
* The Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015

### **The Guiding Principles and Values of This Policy**

It is every learner’s right to live free from abuse in accordance with the principals of respect, dignity, autonomy, privacy and equality.

The policy is applicable to all client groups whether living in a domestic setting, care home, social services or health setting or any community setting.

The policy and guidance are based upon commitment to equal opportunities and practice in respect of race, culture, religion, disability, gender, age or sexual orientation.

## **Definitions**

### **Who is a learner?**

The term ‘learner’, for the purpose of this policy, covers MAE learners who study at Rochester, Gillingham, online or at any outreach and community centres. The policy also covers those learners who are on a work placement as part of their course, Apprenticeships and Work Based Learning learners. It also covers learners on taster programmes.

### **Who is an Adult at Risk?**

An Adult (a person aged 18 or over) who is or may need community care services by reason of mental or other disability, age or illness and who is or may be unable to take care of him or herself or to take steps to protect him or herself from significant harm or exploitation.

In accordance with Section 42 of The Care Act 2014 it is important to obtain the views and wishes of the Adult when deciding how, if and what action should be taken. The Policy recognises that interpersonal relationships are complex and that an adult may exhibit ambivalence and be unclear and unrealistic about their personal circumstances.

### **Who is a Child at Risk?**

In accordance with The Children Act 1989, and therefore in accordance with the law, MAE regards any young person below the age of 19 as a child.

### **What is Abuse?**

Abuse is a violation of an individual’s human and civil rights by any other person or persons. It may occur because of a failure to undertake action or appropriate tasks. It may be an act of neglect or an omission to act, or it may occur where an adult at risk is persuaded to either enter a financial or sexual transaction to which they have not, or cannot, consent. Abuse can occur in any relationship and may result in significant harm to, or exploitation of, the individual.

Domestic abuse can encompass a wide range of behaviours and may be a single incident or a pattern of incidents. That abuse can be, but is not limited to, psychological, physical, sexual, financial, or emotional. Children can be victims of domestic abuse. They may see, hear, or experience the effects of abuse at home and/or suffer domestic abuse in their own intimate relationships (teenage relationship abuse). All of which can have a detrimental and long-term impact on children’s health, wellbeing, development and ability to learn.

Elder abuse is often defined as a single or repeated acts or lack of appropriate action occurring within any relationship where there is an expectation of trust which causes harm or distress to an elder (Action on Elder Abuse definition. Abuse may be a single act or repeated over a period of time).

Significant harm and serious exploitation are defined as any ill treatment that leads to the impairment of or avoidable deterioration in the individual’s physical or mental health; intellectual, emotional, social or behavioural development. It may occur in any relationship and may result in significant harm to, or serious exploitation of, the person concerned.

If a member of staff finds him or herself the subject of inappropriate affection or attention from a learner, member of staff or adult at risk, they should discuss this with their line manager and a designated safeguarding officer immediately.

### **Duty of care**

The designated safeguarding officers will identify the appropriate next steps and keep in contact with the adult at risk to ensure that duty of care is fulfilled.

Designated safeguarding officers will support:

* Parents or carers with young children at risk of harm
* Any group or individuals presenting violent or extreme ideologies
* Individuals in abusive or inappropriate relationships
* Any forms of abuse or neglect. This would include physical abuse, emotional abuse, sexual abuse or exploitation and neglect and coercive control
* Any form grooming (in person, online, by phone, etc)
* Any form of harassment
* Any form of bullying to include cyber-bullying
* Individuals who are self-harming or at-risk to self or others (mental health)
* Individuals who have disclosed being a victim of up skirting
* Individuals who may have committed a crime
* Any forms of exploitation including sexual, financial, and criminal exploitation
* Individuals who may be experiencing homelessness or are seeking refuge
* Any form of victimisation and prejudice due to race, gender, sexuality, faith and belief or disability
* Any form of substance / alcohol or drug misuse
* Concerns linked to eating disorders
* Honour-based violence which will also include female genital mutilation (FGM) and child marriage
* Sexual violence and sexual harassment between any person, under 18 learners and the court system or with family members in prison
* Criminal exploitation such as county lines
* Learners under 18 at-risk of homelessness
* Learners at-risk through section 2 or 3 of the Mental Health Act
* Will put in place any additional safeguarding systems to support the vulnerabilities of any learner with SEND disabilities
* The prevention of radicalisation or prevention of people being drawn into terrorism (PREVENT)

### **Legal Framework**

The Care Act 2014 placed a duty of care on local authorities, and organisations to investigate situations where an adult or child is at risk of significant harm. Organisations have a legal obligation to work with investigating agencies acting on behalf of adults at risk.

The responsibility for making sure appropriate arrangements is in place lies with Medway Council. Staff members are responsible for carrying out their duties in compliance with the arrangements set out by the Council. MAE is not an investigative agency. Investigations are led by local authority Social Services or other agencies with statutory powers.

### **Medway Adult Education Safeguarding Policy**

These guidelines and procedures are designed to:

* Prevent the abuse and mistreatment of apprentices, adults, children, elderly learners, and learners with specific learning disabilities.
* Promote increased awareness and recognition of the issues surrounding the abuse and mistreatment of adults and children.
* Ensure that all staff working within MAE understand their responsibility to protect adults at risk from harm whenever they can do so.
* Enable staff to be aware of the possible signs and symptoms of abuse such as unexplained bruising or injuries, a history of unexplained falls or minor injuries, unexplained changes in demeanour and behaviour, social withdrawal and isolation, uncharacteristic aggression or manipulation, poor physical condition, fearfulness and anxiety, loss of esteem.
* Ensure that when abuse/mistreatment is suspected, appropriate action is taken to safeguard learners from further harm and exploitation.
* Ensure that allegations about abuse/mistreatment are investigated thoroughly, efficiently, and consistently.
* Respect the rights of all people to live their chosen lifestyle with privacy, dignity, independence, choice, and fulfilment.

### **Procedures, Practice and Responsibilities**

Where it is believed that a learner is suffering from, or is at risk of, significant harm, we will follow the procedures set out in the Multi-agency Safeguarding Adult Protection Policy, Protocols and Guidance for Kent and Medway.

The Designated Persons for safeguarding Adults within MAE are:

* Fiona Congreave (Safeguarding Officer, MAE)
* Lorraine Miles (Safeguarding Officer, MAE)
* Carolyne Pilcher (Safeguarding Officer, MAE)
* Gareth Williams (Safeguarding Officer, MAE)
* Geraldine Burden (Safeguarding Lead, MAE)

Their responsibility is to respond to safeguarding situations, concerns and queries as they arise. They will ensure that information is accurately recorded and stored, facilitate inter-agency liaison to seek advice and ensure MAE staff have access to the most current and relevant information.

The lead safeguarding officer will support all MAE staff in fulfilling their duties within the Safeguarding Agenda. This will specifically include supporting relevant, regular training for staff and ensuring new members of staff are made fully aware of their duties to Safeguarding and that they are aware of the MAE Safeguarding Policy and Guidance, available on MAE’s virtual learning environment, Moodle.

### **Confidentiality**

A Disclosure is a term used when someone is reporting a suspicion of abuse. To this policy, confidentiality does not mean secrecy and it is essential the person making the disclosure be informed as soon as possible that the information given will be passed on to someone who may take a course of action. Disclosure may take place many years after the event for several reasons. This delay should not cast doubt on its truthfulness.

There may be some anxieties about legal or ethical restrictions on sharing information, particularly with other agencies. Managers should be aware of the law and should comply with codes of conduct or other guidance available to professional bodies. These rarely provide an absolute barrier to disclosure. Everyone should be prepared to exercise judgement and a duty of care. Failure to pass on information, which might have prevented a tragedy, could result in criticism both of individuals and organisations.

If a person does not wish for a course of action to be taken, whilst respecting their wishes there is also a duty to report any concerns. Each set of circumstances should be assessed individually as a referral may still need to be made to ensure that other adults and/or children are protected from harm.

A decision about whether to disclose information may be particularly difficult if it is considered that disclosure may damage a patient/client/learner relationship. Wherever possible, agreement should be sought from the person concerned and an explanation given should it be decided to act against a person’s wish. Consideration of the wider issues of protection and safety of other adults and/or children may necessitate the sharing of information on a ’need to know’ basis.

### **Race, Ethnicity and Culture**

All staff should be aware of prejudices to avoid perpetuating racial and cultural stereotypes and therefore avoid being diverted from safeguarding the adult.

All staff must be aware of differing models of family life that can vary according to race, culture, religion, class, ability and community. Each offers its own way of meeting a learner’s needs, has its own strengths, and must be respected in all aspects of safeguarding.

All staff must adopt an anti-discriminatory approach in safeguarding. Adopting an anti-discriminatory perspective in safeguarding does not mean legal issues or procedures should be undermined or ignored.

All staff should always support and promote British values. MAE is tolerant of all learners, staff and others regardless of their beliefs and faiths.

### **Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation**

MAE Senior Managers and Tutors will work to protect learners from radicalisation and extremism by example. MAE recognises that extremism and exposure to extremist materials and influences can lead to poor outcomes for learners and should be addressed as a safeguarding concern. It also recognises that failure to challenge extremist views would be failing to protect learners and staff. Staff will respond swiftly where learners are vulnerable to these issues.

Education is a powerful weapon against extremism, equipping learners with the knowledge, skills and critical thinking to challenge and debate in an informed way. Therefore, MAE aims to provide and support a broad and balanced programme, delivered by skilled professionals, so that our learners are enriched, understand and become tolerant of difference and diversity. This allows the learner to thrive, feel valued and not marginalised. Senior Management and Tutors engage in high quality Prevent Duty Training to develop vigilance, confidence and competency to challenge learners’ views and encourage debate.

This strategy aims to stop people from becoming terrorists or supporting terrorism. It contains three key objectives:

* Ideology: challenging the ideology that supports terrorism and those who promote it.
* Individuals: protecting people from being drawn into terrorism and ensuring that they are given appropriate advice and support.
* Institutions: supporting sectors and institutions where there are risks of radicalisation.

### **What is the Prevent Duty?**

The Prevent Duty is covered under Section 26 of the Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015 and places a duty on certain bodies, including independent learning providers, to give “due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism.”

### **What is Extremism?**

The government has defined extremism in the Prevent Duty as “vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs.” Extremism can be violent and non-violent.

For further information on Prevent Duty please refer to:

* [Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015](http://www.gov.uk/government/collections/counter-terrorism-and-security-bill)
* [Prevent Duty Guidance 2015](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance)
* [Guidance for further education providers on work-based learners and the Prevent statutory duty](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/work-based-learners-and-the-prevent-statutory-duty/guidance-for-providers-on-work-based-learners-and-the-prevent-statutory-duty)

### **Freedom of Speech**

Freedom of Speech is recognised as a human right under Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. It means learners in an educational environment can enjoy healthy debate while developing respect and knowledge.

### **Radicalisation: Prevent and the Channel Panel**

The Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015 places a legal duty on specified authorities to have "due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism". Prevent is about safeguarding people and communities from the threat of terrorism and is one of the four elements of [CONTEST](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/counter-terrorism-strategy-contest), the Government’s counter-terrorism strategy. It aims to stop people becoming terrorists or supporting terrorism by:

* Responding to the ideological challenge we face from terrorism and aspects of extremism, and the threat we face from those who promote these views
* Providing practical help to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism and ensure they are given appropriate advice and support
* Working with a wide range of sectors (including education, criminal justice, faith, charities, health) where there are risks of radicalisation that we need to deal with

Prevent covers all forms of terrorism and extremism and some aspects of non-violent extremism.

The Home Office works with local authorities, a wide range of government departments, and community organisations to deliver the [Prevent strategy](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-strategy-2011). The police also play a significant role in Prevent, in much the same way as they do when taking a preventative approach to other crimes.

Prevent uses a range of measures to challenge extremism including:

* Supporting people who are at risk of being drawn into terrorist or extremist activity through the Channel process
* Working with and supporting community groups and social enterprise projects who provide services and support to vulnerable people
* Working with faith groups and institutions to assist them in providing support and guidance to people who may be vulnerable
* Supporting local schools, local industry and partner agencies through engagement, advice and training

### **Medway Channel Panel**

Channel provides support to those who may be vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism. The overall aim is to provide early intervention to help and divert people away from the risk they may face. The process is a multi-agency approach with a wide range of agencies and local partners working together to provide support for individuals.

Channel works by partners jointly assessing the nature and the extent of the risk and where necessary, providing an appropriate support package tailored to the individual’s needs.

The three key stages of Channel are:

* Identify individuals at risk of being drawn into terrorism
* Assess the nature and extent of that risk
* Develop the most appropriate support plan for the individuals concerned

### **Assessing the nature and extent of the risk**

Where necessary, referring cases to a multi-agency panel for development of the most appropriate support package to divert and support the individual at risk.

### **How do you identify those at risk?**

Referrals come from those who have concerns about individuals who may be vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism.

### **Who makes the referrals?**

Referrals can come from a wide range of individuals and partners and could include youth offending teams, social services, health, police, education and local communities. MAE designated safeguarding officers may make referrals.

[Channel Referral Form](http://www.mscb.org.uk/docs/Prevent-Referral-Form-V10.docx)

### **Who sits on the multi-agency panel?**

The panel is designed to work in the same way as other multi agency structures that are used to safeguard individuals at risk – from drugs, knife and gun crime, gangs etc. The panel is chaired by the local authority and consists of statutory partners and the Channel coordinator.

### **What kind of support is provided through Channel?**

Examples of support provided could include mentoring, diversionary activities such as sport, signposting to mainstream services such as education, employment or housing. Support is always tailored to specific needs of the individual following assessment by the multi-agency panel.

### **If I refer an individual to Prevent, will this be traceable through checks in the future?**

The Prevent referral system does not criminalise people for holding extreme views. It does not result in the person referred having a criminal record through the Disclose and Barring Service (DBS) formerly known as the Criminal Records Bureau (CRB).

A crime will only be recorded if the individual has committed an actual crime that falls within the criminal justice system or under the Counter Terrorism Act. As an early intervention process, it operates as a safeguarding process to protect from radicalisation with appropriate support.

### **Prevent and freedom of speech**

The Counter Terrorism and Security Act acknowledges that alongside the Prevent Duty 'a specified authority must have particular regard to the duty to ensure freedom of speech.'

It is important, especially in educational establishments, that enough time is provided for discussion, debate and respectful exchange of views around Prevent and extremism.

Everyone is entitled to their own political view or opinion, but no one should enforce one view over that of others.

### **Prevent and equality and diversity**

The Prevent Duty states that action taken under the duty 'must not involve any covert activity against people or communities' and therefore individuals are to have due regard, as identified under the Public Sector Equality Duty, to the need to

* eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation
* foster good relations between people who share differing views

The promotion of equality and diversity and British values is at the heart of the Prevent Duty. It should be demonstrated through all its practices in tackling any instances of discrimination and being alert to potential risks from radicalisation and extremism.

### **Run, Hide and Tell**

The [National Counter Terrorism Security Office](http://www.protectuk.police.uk) publish advice and guidance to the public on the steps they can take to keep themselves safe in the rare event of a firearms or terrorist attack.

A short public information video called [‘Stay Safe: Firearms and Weapons Attack’](http://www.protectuk.police.uk/advice-and-guidance/response/stay-safe-film) which sets out the key options for keeping safe should the worst happen.  It advises those caught in an incident to "run, hide and tell" - guidance which can be applied in any place.

### **Physical Contact Code of Practice**

Physical intervention should only be used when a learner is endangering him/herself or others. Such events should be recorded on an incident report form on the Service Desk.

Once a safeguarding concern has been identified it may be necessary to complete a risk assessment. The designated safeguarding officer will provide appropriate support.

A learner, parent or observer may misconstrue physical contact, however well intentioned. As a general principle, staff must not make gratuitous physical contact with their learners.

Physical contact may be a necessary part of teaching some learners, for example those with profound and multiple difficulties. Staff should be aware of the limits within such contact.

There may be occasions where a distressed adult at risk needs comfort and reassurance such as a carer would give. Staff should use their discretion in such cases to ensure that what is normal and natural does not become unnecessary and unjustified contact.

### **Allegations against a Member of Staff**

MAE staff should take care not to place themselves in a vulnerable position with relation to safeguarding.

Any concerns that involve allegations against any member of staff should be referred immediately to the appropriate safeguarding officer or a senior manager. This includes low-level concerns.

A low-level concern does not mean it is insignificant. A concern is any concern, no matter how small, that an adult working on behalf of MAE may have acted in a way that:

* Is inconsistent with Medway Council’s Employee Code of Conduct, including inappropriate conduct outside of work
* And does not meet the harm threshold or is otherwise not serious enough to consider a referral to a LADO.

Examples of such behaviour could include, but are not limited to:

* being over friendly with children
* having favourites
* taking photographs of children on their mobile phone
* engaging with a child on a one-to-one basis in a secluded area, or behind a closed door, or
* humiliating children

In any case involving a child, they will contact the LADO to discuss and agree further action. In cases involving adults and staff this may require a person in position of trust referral.

All staff should note that failure to report a concern about the conduct of a member of staff that could place a child, young person, elderly person or adult at risk could result in serious disciplinary action. When in doubt, consult a safeguarding officer.

**Allegations against outside organisations or individuals**
Where an allegation is received relating to an incident that happens when an organisation or individual is using MAE premises for the purposes of running activities for children, the Service will follow this policy and procedure, including informing the LADO.

### **Safe Recruitment Practice**

MAE follows the safe recruitment procedures as laid down by Medway Council and in line with [Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2) guidance (KCSIE). This includes conducting online searches of shortlisted applicants.

### **IT Usage**

MAE IT usage is monitored, and websites are restricted by Medway Council IT Department. The MAE Designated Safeguarding Lead has lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection and will investigate any concerns regarding online safety with the support of the IT Department. All online safety concerns must be reported to a designated safeguarding officer.

Staff will engage in annual online safety awareness training and ensure that online safety concepts are embedded into learning to ensure learners develop knowledge, behaviour and skills to keep themselves safe. This includes embedding elements of the four Cs associated with online safety:

**Content** – exposure to illegal, inappropriate, or harmful material. For example, pornography, fake news, misogyny, self-harm, suicide, racist or radical and extremist views.

**Contact** – subjection to harmful online interaction with other users. For example, commercial advertising and adults posing as children or young adults with the intention to groom or exploit them for sexual, criminal, financial or other purposes.

**Conduct** – personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm. For example, making, sending and receiving explicit images, or online bullying.

**Commerce** – risks such as online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and or financial scams.

MAE staff and designated safeguarding officers can obtain further information and support in [Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2).

When learners or apprentices are loaned digital equipment to access learning, they would need to agree to an Acceptable Use Agreement (see appendix 8).

**Safeguarding Procedures – Guidance for Medway Adult Education Staff**

This Guidance has been devised to complement existing guidance to MAE staff.

### **What to do if someone reports to you:**

* Stay calm
* Listen
* Take it seriously
* Try not to show shock
* Do not judge
* Explain that you will need to share information
* Confirm their version of events
* Ask the person what they want to do
* Reassure them and report to the appropriate person: MAE Designated Safeguarding Officer

### **What to do if you suspect abuse:**

* Always talk to the person in a safe and private space
* Listen but be careful not to ask leading questions
* Find out what the person wants to do
* Do not discuss the subject with or challenge the alleged abuser
* Do not repeatedly ask the victim to keep repeating the information given at disclosure as this is the responsibility of the investigating team.
* Do not touch or tamper with any item that could be used in future evidence, particularly forensic evidence, even with the best intentions.
* Remember, it is not your responsibility to handle the situation on your own. You only need to ask the following four questions:
* What happened?
* Where did it happen?
* Who was involved/who was there?
* When did it happen?

It is the Responsibility of the Investigating Team to Ask Further Questions

No attempts must be made to question the alleged perpetrator, the alleged victim, or any other witnesses other than to establish basic facts and to confirm that abuse may have occurred.

Discuss the situation with your line manager so a referral can be made as soon as possible. Do not commence your own investigation unless guided to do so by the social services agency, police or by a multi-agency planning meeting (in which you may be in attendance).

**Recording allegations, disclosures and/or suspicion of abuse**It is important that you record any disclosures or suspicions of abuse. You must accurately record your conversation with the person who made the allegation or disclosed possible abuse. If it is you who has witnessed an incident you suspect may constitute abuse, you must accurately record the facts. Use the following checklist when writing your report:

* Record what was said or what you have heard, seen or suspected.
* Write what the person actually said, not what you think they meant.
* Describe (separately if necessary) any previous actions leading to disclosure, allegations or suspicion.
* Make sure that you have advised the person making the disclosure or allegation of your duty to report it and of their rights (see ‘Confidentiality’ elsewhere in this Policy).
* If the disclosure was entirely verbal you must take steps to record it, as you remember it, as soon as possible.
* Make sure the person feels supported and empowered and, most of all, safe.
* Tell the person the procedure that you now must follow.

Remember: Your report should be accurate and factual. You should not record your or others’ opinions. Your report may be used as court evidence or as part of a legal claim and/or disciplinary action. What you record may be used in evidence.

### **What to do if abuse is witnessed or is suspected**

All those involved in the care of learners must provide appropriate care and support to prevent abuse happening. If, however, there are concerns about abuse it is essential to take steps to stop the abuse and prevent it happening again.

* Steps must be taken, if necessary, to ensure the immediate safety of the victim(s).
* Concerns for a child, young person or adult at risk or elderly persons need to be disclosed and discussed with a Safeguarding Officer immediately. As soon as abuse is suspected or reported this should be discussed with your line manager / safeguarding officer. This includes low level concerns.
* If you believe your line manager is implicated in the suspected abuse you may consult the police, social services or relevant regulatory authorities and discuss your concerns with them.
* Consider any complaints from service users or their family, as these may be regarded as disclosures of alleged abuse.
* Preserve forensic evidence - do not clean up or destroy evidence.
* Any discussions with a safeguarding officer will be recorded.

Every staff member and volunteer in all agencies and services has a professional and moral duty to report any witnessed or suspected abuse to their line manager or to Social Services.

### **Referral**

This includes family, formal or informal carers, social work and health professionals, volunteers and managers and staff in private and voluntary agencies, including care workers.

Referrals will be made using the Report an adult safeguarding concern, which can be found on the Medway Council website: [www.medway.gov.uk/abuse](http://www.medway.gov.uk/abuse) or for concerns regarding children: <https://www.medway.gov.uk/xfp/form/406>

Inform the care environment of your decision if appropriate. It is your responsibility to ensure action is taken to ensure the adult’s welfare, even if others disagree with you.

Remember: Should you wish to talk through your concerns at any point, contact the MAE Designated Person for Safeguarding. Contact details can be found at the end of the policy.

Throughout the whole process, document your discussions, who you spoke to, including the date and time and clearly record actions agreed.

Store all safeguarding information with MAE’s Designated Safeguarding Officer.

Records should use clear, straightforward language avoiding departmental abbreviations. They should be concise and factual but also differentiate between opinion, judgement and hypothesis. Any decisions made should be recorded and the reasons for doing so clear.

You have a legal duty to act independently of MAE and/or the Duty Social Worker if you feel the learner at risk needs services or protection.

In an emergency contact the relevant emergency service directly.

A referral should be made when it is considered that an adult at risk has needs which cannot be met solely by the services or resources available within MAE, and where, following an assessment of the situation, it is believed coordinated intervention is required to promote, safeguard or protect the welfare of the learner.

The basic details that staff have a duty to record are vital to the information gathering process and do not constitute an investigation. It is essential that at the end of this process everyone involved is clear as to whether a referral to social services is made. All referrals will be monitored and followed up by the Designated Safeguarding Officer.

## **Promotion and Engagement**

* The policy is shared with all staff.
* The policy is included within staff handbooks.
* Within the learner welcome pack learners and apprentices have information on Safeguarding and Prevent and the contact details of the Designated Safeguarding Officer and other contact details of support services if they have concerns.
* The policy is published on the MAE website.
* Safeguarding, British Values and Prevent is discussed at apprentice and employer review meetings and in training and development.
* New staff are briefed on this policy and its implementation and trained in Safeguarding and Prevent during induction.
* All MAE staff complete Action Counters Terrorism e-learning.
* This policy is updated in response to changes in legislation and
* Existing staff are re-briefed on this policy and its implementation, and re-trained in Safeguarding and Prevent every two years, with an annual update that includes Keeping Children Safe in Education.
* Training is monitored through the MAE EBS system and within the Performance and Development Review process.
* Staff with teaching and learning responsibilities are trained in embedding Safeguarding and Prevent into their practice and the content of their delivery with learners and apprentices.
* Safeguarding information and what to do if you have a Safeguarding concern are provided on noticeboards in each classroom.
* All learners, apprentices and staff are provided with the opportunity to develop their skills and confidence and to deal with Safeguarding & Prevent issues in a professional manner.
* Staff complete and observe internal training & events in line with organisational policies.
* Learners/apprentices complete British Values & Prevent training as part of their curriculum.
* MAE ensures that staff are aware of the issues of Safeguarding and Prevent and other learners affected by Safeguarding concerns.
* Learners/apprentices are briefed on this policy and how to raise a related issue and are trained in British Values and Prevent during induction.

## **Appendix**

### **1. Designated Person Safeguarding Roles and Responsibilities**

The MAE Designated Persons for Safeguarding will:

* Make themselves available to colleagues wherever practical to discuss any concerns or queries, or to offer support prior to, during and after a Safeguarding Protection issue.
* Act as a conduit of information for MAE and will direct their colleagues to those agencies that can offer the most appropriate advice.
* Be responsible for advising on the procedures for Safeguarding that are to be followed. The Designated Person is not responsible either for action taken by a colleague or undertaking action on a colleague’s behalf, unless by prior agreement.
* Ensure, along with MAE’s Service Managers, that they have the relevant level of training and that all information, guidance, and training is current and timely.
* Place Safeguarding as a standing Item on the agenda at all MAE management meetings.
* Circulate any relevant information to the MAE senior management team and governance board.
* Take advice, if necessary, from outside agencies to enable them to support colleagues competently and confidently.
* Will support colleagues to ensure all information of a safeguarding nature is stored securely and in compliance with MAE policy
* Will keep colleagues up to date and share good practice, on Safeguarding issues
* Once a safeguarding concern has been identified it may be necessary to complete and store a risk assessment. The designated safeguarding officer will support the manager/tutor do this.

### **Record Keeping**

Any information of a safeguarding nature needs to be recorded and stored securely in line with guidance. This is to ensure work is accountable and focused. It is also an important part of multi-agency working and continuity when individual workers are unavailable or change.

Records are also an essential part of evidence for any investigations or inquiries. Staff always need to be aware that records may also be disclosed in court proceedings.

A separate Safeguarding file needs to be created in which to store the records of any Safeguarding issues. Any subsequent documentation, such as referral forms, reports or minutes of meetings must also be stored here. Notes following discussions with the Designated Person for Safeguarding or other agencies should also be included.

This file will be stored in a location.

The Safeguarding Alert Form (SAF) (see Appendix 9) should be used for any discussions between the member of staff and the MAE Designated Person for Safeguarding. They should record their conversation and agree the content once it has been written to ensure an accurate account of their discussion. Both should also sign the record. In the case of a telephone discussion or location which makes this impossible, the person who completes the record must ensure that the other person involved countersigns it as soon as possible.

Any information that needs to be filed in the Safeguarding file should be placed with the designated Safeguarding Officer. Filing must be completed immediately, and papers must not be left lying around.

As with all other learner related information, information relating to safeguarding vulnerable issues must not be removed from the office without prior agreement of the MAE Designated Safeguarding Officer.

If necessary, the MAE Designated Safeguarding Officer will agree a timescale for a follow-up discussion with colleagues following a Safeguarding discussion. That date should be recorded and noted in diaries to act as an aide memoir.

At all times, staff should be aware that anything they write may be seen by parents, carers, learners and other agencies and or used as evidence in court. Therefore, information must be factual. Any expression of opinion must be clearly recorded as such and justifiable.

The MAE Designated Person for Safeguarding will support colleagues to ensure all information of a Safeguarding nature is stored securely and in line with MAE policy.

### **2. Designated Safeguarding Persons’ Contact Details**

The MAE Designated Persons for Safeguarding are:

Fiona Congreave 01634 338411 fiona.congreave@medway.gov.uk

Lorraine Miles 01634 338448 lorraine.miles@medway.gov.uk

Carolyne Pilcher 01634 338436 carolyne.pilcher@medway.gov.uk

Gareth Williams 01634338453 gareth.williams@medway.gov.uk

### **Key local contacts**

In an emergency call 999

Medway Council Adult Social Care Team 01634 334 466
Monday to Thursday 8.30am to 5pm and Friday 8.30am to 4.45pm
Emergency out of hours: 03000 419 191
[Safeguarding adults alert form](https://www.medway.gov.uk/xfp/form/432)

Medway Children and Families Team 01634 334 466
Out of hours: 03000 419 191
[Safeguarding children alert form](https://www.medway.gov.uk/xfp/form/406)

[Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership](http://www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/worried-about-a-child)

### **3. References**

The following documents and websites should be read and used in conjunction with this policy.

[Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2)

[Medway Safeguarding Children Partnership](http://www.medwayscp.org.uk)

[Kent and Medway Safeguarding Adults Board](http://www.kmsab.org.uk)

[Action Counters Terrorism (ACT)](https://act.campaign.gov.uk)

[Care Act 2014 - Section 42](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2014/23/section/42/enacted)

[Care Act 2014 Part 1: Factsheets](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/care-act-2014-part-1-factsheets)

[Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS)](http://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/disclosure-and-barring-service)

[Domestic Violence Crime and Victims Act 2004](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2004/28/contents)

[Fraud Act 2006](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2006/35/contents)

[Mental Capacity Act 2005](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2005/9/contents)

[Mental Capacity Act 2005 - Forms & Policies](http://www.kent.gov.uk/social-care-and-health/information-for-social-care-professionals/mental-capacity-act/mca-forms-and-guidance)

[PREVENT - channel duty guidance](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/channel-and-prevent-multi-agency-panel-pmap-guidance)

[Sexual Offences Act 2003](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2003/42/contents)

[KMSAB e-learning foundation module](http://www.kmsab.org.uk/p/professionals/kmsab-training)

[Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards – Medway](http://www.medway.gov.uk/info/200169/adult_social_care/432/the_deprivation_of_liberty_safeguards_dols)

[Domestic Abuse and Suicide Briefing Paper](http://www.kmsab.org.uk/assets/1/domestic_abuse_and_suicide_briefing_paper.pdf)

[Financial Abuse Toolkit](http://www.proceduresonline.com/trixcms2/media/16931/financial-abuse-toolkit.pd)

[Hate Crime Leaflet](http://www.kmsab.org.uk/assets/1/hate_crime_leaflet.final.pdf)

[Kent and Medway Information Sharing Agreement](http://www.dartford.gov.uk/data-protection/kent-medway-information-sharing-agreement)

[Kent Fire and Rescue Service - Self-Neglect clutter score guidance](http://www.kmsab.org.uk/assets/1/self-neglect-clutter-score-guidance-kent-fire-and-rescue-service.pdf)

[Kent Fire and Rescue Service - Self-Neglect clutter image rating](http://www.kmsab.org.uk/assets/1/clutter_image_ratings_-_combined.pdf)

[KMSAB Adult Abuse Leaflets](http://www.kmsab.org.uk/p/professionals/awareness-raising-resources)

[Ann Craft Trust](http://www.anncrafttrust.org)

[County Lines Toolkit for Professionals](http://www.childrenssociety.org.uk/sites/default/files/2021-01/exploitation-toolkit.pdf)

[Department of Health - pressure ulcers and the interface with a safeguarding enquiry](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/756243/safeguarding-adults-protocol-pressure-ulcers.pdf)

[Embedding a transitional Safeguarding approach](http://www.researchinpractice.org.uk/all/news-views/2021/june/the-role-of-adult-social-work-in-embedding-a-transitional-safeguarding-approach)

[Female Genital Mutilation - mandatory reporting, procedural information](http://www.gov.uk/government/publications/mandatory-reporting-of-female-genital-mutilation-procedural-information)

[Forced Marriage - information and practice guidelines for professionals](http://www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage)

[Gaining access to an adult suspected to be at risk of neglect or abuse: a guide for social workers and their managers in England](http://www.scie.org.uk/safeguarding/adults/practice/gaining-access)

[Handling cases of forced marriage](http://www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage)

[How to use legal powers to safeguard highly vulnerable dependent drinkers](http://www.alcoholchange.org.uk/publication/how-to-use-legal-powers-to-safeguard-highly-vulnerable-dependent-drinkers)

[Human Trafficking Foundation - trafficking survivor emergency support fund](http://www.humantraffickingfoundation.org/victim-fund)

[Learning from tragedies: an analysis of alcohol-related Safeguarding Adult Reviews](http://www.alcoholchange.org.uk/publication/learning-from-tragedies-an-analysis-of-alcohol-related-safeguarding-adult-reviews-published-in-2017)

[Lets talk about it (ltai) - working together to prevent terrorism](http://www.actearly.uk)

[Liberty Protection Safeguards Resources](http://www.scie.org.uk/mca/lps)

[Local Government Association - Safeguarding Resources](http://www.local.gov.uk/topics/social-care-health-and-integration/adult-social-care/safeguarding-resources)

[Pressure Ulcers and the interface with a safeguarding enquiry](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/756243/safeguarding-adults-protocol-pressure-ulcers.pdf)

[Safeguarding adults - roles and responsibilities in health and care services](http://www.local.gov.uk/sites/default/files/documents/safeguarding-adults-roles-3e9.pd)

[Social Care Institute of Excellence](http://www.scie.org.uk/safeguarding/adults/practice/gaining-access)

[Think Family Toolkit](https://dera.ioe.ac.uk/9475/93/Think-Family_Redacted.pdf)

[Understanding what constitutes a safeguarding concern and how to support effective outcomes](http://www.local.gov.uk/publications/understanding-what-constitutes-safeguarding-concern-and-how-support-effective-outcomes).

### **4 Flowchart for Initial Concerns About Adult Protection**

The following documents and websites should be read and used in conjunction with this policy. More information can be found:

|  |
| --- |
| Do you believe the adult is at immediate riskof significant harm? |
| 🡫 |  | 🡫 |
| Yes |  | No |
| 🡫 |  | 🡫 |
| Contact relevant emergency services - police or ambulance THEN |  | Even if you have vague worries, do not ignore them. Often unconfirmed worries can indicate that there is a serious problem |
| 🡫 |  |  |
| Consult with the line manager, designated person or directly with local social services agency or social services’ out of hours service01634 334466 / 08457 626 777Fiona Congreave 01634 338411Lorraine Miles 01634 338448Carolyne Pilcher 01634 338436Gareth Williams 01634 338345 |   |  |
|  |  |  |

**Recognise, Record** the facts and **Refer**

Do not investigate.

Inform your designated Safeguarding Officer as soon as possible

[**Make an adult protection referral yourself online**](http://www.medway.gov.uk/abuse)

[**Report a child safeguarding online**](http://www.medway.gov.uk/info/200170/children_and_families/600/concerned_about_a_child/2)

### **5.Safeguarding Procedure**

This procedure details how you should respond if the following applies:

* A learner comes to you with an allegation
* A learner makes a disclosure of abuse to you
* You have a concern about a learner
* You have a concern about a colleague

**Listen**

* If someone is disclosing or making allegations:
* If possible secure their immediate safety.
* Allow him/her to speak without interruption
* Do not ask leading questions
* Reassure him/her that you have listened and will act
* Explain that you must pass the information on to those who need to know
* Always accept what has been said and without judgement
* Don’t question or investigate yourself
* Never promise confidentiality

**Act**

You see or suspect:

* Non-accidental injury
* Sexual abuse
* Neglect

**Report**

* Tell your Designated Person or Contact the emergency services if required
* In an emergency or if you think that a crime has been committed contact the relevant emergency services
* Write down your concern or what you have been told
* If arising from a conversation, this report should be verbatim and include relevant contextual information, such as the time and date
* Sign the report and take it directly to a designated safeguarding officer:
	+ Fiona Congreave 01634 338411 fiona.congreave@medway.gov.uk
	+ Lorraine Miles 01634 338448 lorraine.miles@medway.gov.uk
	+ Carolyne Pilcher 01634 338436 carolyne.pilcher@medway.gov.uk
	+ Gareth Williams 01634338453 gareth.williams@medway.gov.uk

### **Out of Hours**

If a concern is raised outside of normal working hours, you must:

* Record the facts on the Medway Council Website: <https://www.medway.gov.uk/abuse>
* Contact the Emergency services if required and Social Services on 03000 419191 for advice
* Inform your Designated Person as soon as you can
* If the designated person is the focus of the concern, please contact the Quality and Curriculum Manager, Geraldine Burden.

### **Investigating Concerns**

The responsibility of most staff is not to investigate. Only individuals holding certain roles are involved in investigations of abuse. However, if the designated person feels that the concern warrants further action:

* The Quality and Curriculum Manager will be notified within one working day.
* The Programme Manager will make a referral to relevant organisation.

### **6: Safeguarding Annex: Distance Learning**

MAE is committed to providing a high quality and safe experience to our learners through distance learning. While guidelines about course design and structure, monitoring the quality of teaching and learning, staff and learner support and learner engagement are currently under development. There is an expectation that:

* Learning materials are of a high standard, relate to the intended course learning outcomes and are inclusive, current and accessible to distance learners.
* Learning materials used, including pictures and videos, comply with copyright restrictions.
* Where possible complex ideas are presented in more than one format and/or approach to support different learning styles.
* Activities consolidate learning and contribute to learners’ wider skills development.
* Further relevant reading and development opportunities are signposted.
* Tutors are mindful that not all learners will be able to afford or use the required technology.
* Learners and tutors must be mindful of what can be seen in the background when using webcams and all must be appropriately dressed

**Staying Safe Online**

Staff and learners are recommended to read the advice and information for families and individuals on the [National Cyber Security Centre website](https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/) This includes top tips for staying safe online and how to protect your data and devices. Staff must complete online safety training annually and embed online safety into lesson delivery.

**Learners:**

Are reminded that tutors are unable to provide individual live learning through online platforms

Must not record live classes, events, demonstrations or meetings.

### **Confidentiality, Information Sharing and GDPR**

MAE must ensure that it can demonstrate full compliance with the principles of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). All staff are required to be familiar with GDPR Data Protection available on Moodle or from their line manager. Any data breach or suspected data breach must be referred immediately to the Data and Funding Manager.

### **7. Safeguarding - Communicating Electronically Policy**

This policy is intended for all who work with supported learning learners and mainstream learners within MAE, whether paid or voluntary. It is also for tutors to raise their awareness of the issues around electronic communications that could be affecting their learners.  The whole policy is important, but please note especially the Golden Rules on Page 30.

**Rationale**

As social media, mobile phones, emails and the internet are all efficient and easily accessed, we believe that it is important that safeguards are put in place by the MAE to ensure safety and accountability.  Communications via electronic means should be professional and separate from private communications.

Vulnerable people often find it easier to communicate electronically rather than face-to face, which could give them a false sense of security and they could overshare more than if talking in person.  As abusers know this, they often start with electronic communications in order to bully, groom or lure into an unprotected face-to-face meeting.

MAE is aware of these issues as part of safeguarding and this policy has been adapted from gov.uk safeguarding guidance to ensure that those who supervise and work with all learners mainstream and Supported Learners know what to do or not do and to hold themselves accountable.

**Potential Issues**

**Cyberbullying**
Bullying can now happen via text, social media and email.  Tutors should be alert to the signs that this could be happening to any learner or vulnerable adult. The Learner could:

* Become withdrawn, anxious, diminishing in confidence
* Become aggressive, abusive, disruptive or unreasonable
* Change their routine
* Start to bully others
* Be afraid/reluctant to use internet or mobile phone
* Be nervous or ‘jumpy’ when a cyber-message is received

**Texting**
This is one of the most used methods of communication but is difficult to monitor. Tutors using this method of communication must be accountable for what is said.
Ideally, a work mobile phone should be used.

* Texts should only be sent to learners within the hours of 8am to 6pm.
* All texts should be kept – nothing should be deleted - to provide clarity.
* Tutors should be aware that they might be asked to allow MAE Safeguarding Officer to see their texts to/from a learner on – whether this is on a work mobile phone or on their own personal phone – this is also to provide accountability.
* Where possible, send group texts or emails, rather than to individuals.

**Sexting**
This has been defined as “the creating, sharing and forwarding of sexually suggestive nude, or nearly nude, images” (Lenhart 2009).  So, this is taking a sexually explicit image and/or text and sharing it via a mobile phone to others.

Making, possessing or distributing an indecent image of a child (under 18) is a crime.
It is easy to distribute sexually explicit content using smartphones, the internet or social media. It is illegal and it is seen as committing a criminal offence to:

* make an indecent image of a child (themselves)
* possess an indecent image of a child
* distribute an indecent image of a child.

Tutors and staff also need to be aware of other dangers and problems that can follow on from consensual and non-consensual sharing of nude and semi-nude images and/or videos:

* Once sent, they have no control over further distribution of the images
* They can be the target of cyberbullying
* They can be the subject of grooming by a sexual predator
* This can lead to serious mental health issues caused by fear of what might happen, leading to depression, self-harm and contemplating suicide.
* Increased risk of sextortion, where intimate images and videos are recorded and used for financial exploitation and coercion.

It is important to be aware that technology can be used as a tool to facilitate domestic abuse, for example coercive control, cyberstalking and threatening to share intimate images.
Staff should recognise that the sharing of consensual and non-consensual image sharing could be a safeguarding issue and report concerns to a designated safeguarding officer.

**Social media**
These are online tools used to communicate and engage with other people including:

* Writing or commenting on blogs
* Micro-blogging (e.g., Twitter)
* Personal profile pages on networking sites (e.g. LinkedIn, Facebook, Google+, Google Meet, Zoom)
* Using specifically designed Apps (e.g., Snapchat, WhatsApp, Messenger)
* Reviews of products or services on retailer sites/customer review sites
* Taking part in online votes, polls or surveys
* Taking part in conversations on both public and private web forums (message boards)

If tutors choose to use this method of communication, great care needs to be taken to avoid crossing boundaries into the private lives of tutors or members of staff from Medway Council.

* Do not take or post images without express consent of the learner (carer or care home).  Unless explicit permission is given in writing for a particular purpose, (e.g., to be posted on MAE website) do not share these on public forums.  The learner also needs to be happy to have the image posted.
* Ensure that privacy settings allow only approved friends (i.e., members of the group) to message or add people as a friend – these should also be members of the group.
* If an app such as WhatsApp is used to communicate with a group of learners, the Safeguarding Officer or PM should be included as a member of the group to ensure accountability.

**Golden Rules for Tutors / Staff /Volunteers**

* Always obtain the learners consent before using any electronic method of communication
* Use clear unambiguous language that cannot be misinterpreted, e.g. don’t sign off with ‘luv’, ‘xx’ ‘lol’ or similar
* Use a friendly but not over-familiar or personal tone
* Content of messages should relate only to the group/class attended
* To ensure accountability tutors should be aware that they might be asked to allow MAE Safeguarding Officer to see their texts to/from a learner on – whether this is on a work mobile phone or on their own personal phone.
* Send group texts/emails, not individual ones
* Any electronic communications which raise concerns must be shared promptly with MAE including the Programme Manager and the Safeguarding Officer depending on the nature of the communication.
* All electronic communications involving learners should be sent/responded to within set time boundaries (i.e. not between 6pm and 8am}
* Not everyone will have access to a mobile phone/computer so ensure other methods of communication are also considered too.
* Images should only be taken/shared with consent. These should be stored securely in accordance with Data Protection and not on mobile phones.  This includes images on social media sites or on ‘YouTube’

Remember that, legally, if a conversation/comment is accessible to even one more person it is deemed to be published information and in the public domain, and therefore subject to libel, defamation, data protection and copyright laws.

Concerns
If a learner, tutor, LSA or volunteer becomes concerned about the content of a conversation on a social media site, the following action should be taken:

* If someone is at risk of immediate harm, dial 999 (e.g. if you believe that a young person is on their way to meet someone from the internet who is likely not to be genuine)
* Don’t close down the conversation as this could potentially lose any evidence
* Always seek help and advice first – Preserve any ‘paper trails’.  If necessary copy and paste any conversations and have these witnessed, sign and dated.
* Report to a designated safeguarding officer as soon as possible.

[Information, support and advice for Tutors / Staff / Carers on cyberbullying](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/preventing-and-tackling-bullying)

### **8: Digital Loans Acceptable Use Agreement**

I understand and agree that:

* MAE will monitor my use of the systems, devices and digital communications.
* I will keep my username and password safe and secure – I will not share it, nor will I try to use any other person’s username and password. I understand that I should not write down or store a password where it is possible that someone may steal it.
* MAE systems and devices are primarily intended for educational use and that I will not use them for personal or recreational use unless I have permission.
* I will not disclose or share personal information about myself or others when on-line.
* I will immediately report any unpleasant or inappropriate material or messages or anything that makes me feel uncomfortable when I see it on-line.
* I will not use the MAE systems or devices for on-line gaming, on-line gambling, internet shopping, file sharing, or video broadcasting (eg YouTube).
* I will respect others’ work and property and will not access, copy, remove or otherwise alter any other user’s files, without the owner’s knowledge and permission.
* I will be polite and responsible when I communicate with others, I will not use strong, aggressive or inappropriate language and I appreciate that others may have different opinions.
* I will not take or distribute images of anyone without their permission.
* I understand the risks and will not upload, download or access any materials which are illegal or inappropriate or may cause harm or distress to others, nor will I try to use any programmes or software that might allow me to bypass the filtering/security systems in place to prevent access to such materials.
* I will not open any hyperlinks in emails or any attachments to emails unless I know and trust the person/organisation who sent the email (due to the risk of the attachment containing viruses or other harmful programmes).
* When using the internet for my course I must ensure that I have permission to use the original work of others in my own work.
* I am responsible for my actions, both in and out of MAE premises
* MAE has the right to act against me if I am involved in incidents of inappropriate behaviour, that are covered in this agreement, when I am out of MAE premises and where they involve my membership of the MAE community (examples would be online-bullying, use of images or personal information). Please be aware that any inappropriate or illegal activity will be reported to the relevant authorities.
* I am responsible for taking reasonable care of the equipment and provided accessories
* I understand MAE reserves the right not to replace damaged, lost or stolen equipment.
* I will immediately report any damage or faults involving equipment or software to MAE, however this may have happened and under no circumstances, will I, or anyone other than MAE staff, attempt to fix suspected faults or damage.
* I understand that MAE will not accept responsibility for the loss of work in the event of the equipment malfunctioning.
* Only software licensed and installed by MAE will be used on the equipment.
* I will not install or attempt to install or store programmes of any type on any MAE device, nor will I try to alter computer settings inappropriately.
* I will ask my tutor or a member of MAE staff if I do not understand any of the information.

### **Appendix 9 Visiting Speaker Policy**

We often welcome speakers from our wider communities into our Centres to speak to learners. This enriches their experience of learning providing them with information that can help them to: make decisions at different phases of their education, remain safe and gain a wider understanding of cultural, world and global issues. It can also provide motivational inspiration through the sharing of a speaker’s experience.

Our responsibility to our learners is to ensure that the information they receive is aligned to the values of MAE and to British Values which include democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

The ‘PREVENT’ statutory guidance *(The Prevent Duty: Departmental advice for schools and childcare providers’ DfE, June 2015)* requires schools and colleges to have clear protocols for ensuring that any visiting speakers to the Service are suitable and appropriately supervised.

MAE protocols are as follows:

* All visiting speakers to have a nominated point of contact within the Service (the organiser), agreed prior to the visit and recorded when the visitor signs in at reception
* The Learner Services Co-ordinator, who is the Designated Safeguarding Officer, is informed of all speakers invited into the Service.
* The visiting speaker is requested to complete the Visiting Speakers to MAE form, which asks them to outline the information they wish to communicate and to agree to the Guidelines for Visiting Speakers (attached).
* All PowerPoint slides and handouts to be used by the speaker are provided to the Service in advance of the visit, to be checked for suitability.
* Research on the visiting speaker/organisation to establish whether they have demonstrated extreme views/actions which are clearly contrary to the values of MAE and British Values outlined in our policies, to be conducted prior to the visit.
* Refusal to allow visiting speakers/organisations to use MAE premises if they have/have had links to extreme groups or movements which espouse, promote or encourage views and actions which are contrary to the values of MAE and British Values. Justification of the Service’s decision will be provided to the person/organisation in writing. The final decision rests with the Head of Service.
* A formal register of all visiting speakers will be maintained.
* Visiting speakers will be always accompanied and not left unsupervised with learners at any point.
* A post-event evaluation of how the visit met the needs of our learners will be conducted.